

# OHIO STATE



# LAW RECORD

Spring, 1979

## '38's 40th Honors Frank Strong

Frank Strong came back to Columbus to meet his friends of the class of 1938 for their Ruby (40th) Reunion. A couple dozen classmates and their families showed up on November 10 and 11, for the general law school reunion at Ilonka's and the class dinner at the Faculty Club.

We record, for the eyes of other classes, that Frank was (a) our (b) boy. We were his first class. We took possession of him if only for the year. Our camaraderie — we loved it — went far; Dean Arant let Frank know that pitching pennies with us on the front porch of Page Hall did not fit the job description.

A lanky kid he was, when first he came to the law faculty, but the rumor is untrue that he hadn't yet started to shave. We found that he was a giant growing up, and we have been proud of our part in getting him started right. Somehow he got along fine after we left. His latest was an LL.D., awarded at Ohio State's 266th Commencement, Autumn Quarter, December 8, 1978. Here's what the official program said, to the surprise of none of us:

Frank Ransom Strong

Doctor of Laws

A recognized leader in American legal education and a leading authority in constitutional law, Frank Ransom Strong served this University and the College of Law with loyalty and dedication as dean, professor, scholar, and friend. His guiding hand shaped the college as it is known today, and his work continues to be reflected in every aspect of its programs. Under his leadership, the college prospered and developed the national reputation it now enjoys. He embodies the best in the tradition of American legal education. His many contributions to this University and to his profession stand in tribute to a career of great distinction.

Every word of the citation is true, but the dead-pan erudition overlooked the affectionate possessory attachment our class developed for the newcomer. Some few said that Frank had a lot to learn. Many more (the perceptive group) knew that for humanity and integrity, wisdom, class and primacy, Frank had them all, and we were glad to be a part of his bringing up.

Our class escaped Frank's pioneering casebook on Constitutional Law (1950), about which it was said that the students needed a caddy to carry it. Later, Frank sat on the search committee that produced Woody Hayes as Ohio's longtime football coach, widely recognized as a legend in his own time.

Frank's biggest coup, if physical dimensions are the sole test, was the new law building at 1659 North High Street. The classmates got Frank to admit parts of the story of



how the new building was realized. Vice President Jacob Taylor, who had a strong voice in University affairs, wanted to remodel Page Hall; but Frank, by then the Dean, was not to be deflected. He turned to influential alumni of the College, who in turn appealed to the Board of Trustees. In the end the decision was for a totally new structure; OSU law alumni presence in the legislature produced the two necessary appropriations.

Billy O'Neill (Ohio's Chief Justice C. William, for those who didn't share his delightful personality at close range) came to bat in the sequel. The building money wasn't enough to finish the job; funds for furnishings and equipment were needed to get the building in business. By then O'Neill was Governor; a student of Frank's, he was a devoted graduate of the law school. He learned about the need and got action by the State Control Board.

Frank is home in Chapel Hill, North Carolina (211 Marham Drive, 27514). Although retired from active teaching as of mid-1978, he continues as National Secretary-Treasurer of the Order of the Coif. Before his last semester at UNC he was visiting distinguished professor of law at the University of Kansas in Lawrence, where his father, Frank Strong, had been chancellor and where the central university building carries the family name. You may want to know that Frank's son, John, graduated summa cum laude in law from Illinois in 1962. After a stint in practice, John has been teaching for years, and is now Dean of the law school at Nebraska and co-author of a popular casebook on Evidence.

Bob Mathews, at Austin, Texas, our only other living Professor, sent regards and regrets; Grace, his wife, is in ill health and he couldn't risk an absence, or the trip. Professor Norman Lattin died last spring, at Sun City, Arizona, after having played in a string quartette the night before.

The thirty-eighters visited with their friends with obvious relish. Ed LeGendre, complete with spouse, now living in Newark, was his sparkling self, full of crackling fun. Al Fitch from Lisbon and his long-time lovely Alice brought their large quota of expected charm. The Dore brothers, Frank, Tiffin lawyer, and Richard, from Pittsburgh, were full of joy and shared with us Ruth and Mary, their respective spouses. Jerry Messer London, recently widowed, told us about her still busy career as Lazarus house counsel. Lois and George Cole from Springfield, Gil Siegel (he hasn't grown any taller) and his wife Minnie, Walter and Jo (she hasn't been well lately) Grelle, of Columbus, Joe Kahn and his nice wife, all showed up. And do you remember Dottie Becker? She brought our classmate Vic Ketcham. Prim and trim, she seemed little changed since we all flirted with her at Page Hall. Vic and Dot have two boys turned into men-about-town. Dwight Morehead from Toledo and Ted Boehm rehashed their tuba playing days in the OSU Marching Band, while Alberta and Charlotte, their patient spouses, kept score. And the Law School's new Dean, James Meeks, paid the postage, then attended our dinner to bring his best wishes.

Richard Herndon, well situated in Wheeling with an armload of personal and professional blessings, made reservations to attend, but things went awry and he couldn't show. Bob and June Lett went to Paris instead, sent regrets, and Bob Vandermark went to the hospital, whence came his message. Judge Jack Day, Class President (he's writing some top drawer opinions on the Cleveland Court of Appeals, and was mentioned in Sam Dash's book, CHIEF COUNSEL), Willis Deming, Joe Siegel, Charles Ebersold, Bill Drennan, Virginia Ellenwood Schinnerer, from Arizona, and Samuel J. DeBianca, from Cleveland, sent letters and funds for the next reunion.

Debbie Tedrick, Common Pleas Judge at Cambridge, died last year, and Dick McCann, Columbus lawyer, died in September, victim of a cardiac disease. Charles Gramlich died recently in Marietta. Roland Zachman as an Air Force officer had been killed in an aircraft crash in World War II; Herman Stalter was a Navy officer on an ill-fated destroyer, sunk at Okinawa in 1945, the victim of a kamikase air attack.

On the happy side, Bill Drennan went to Charleston, West Virginia, after World War II, got acquainted with Arch Cantrall, a wheel in the Eisenhower administration, and has since spent a score of years as Judge of the United States Tax Court. Ray Morehart is Common Pleas Judge in Lancaster, Dominic Renda is president of Western Airlines in Los Angeles, formerly chief counsel.

The Saturday night people rehashed the silver reunion and the 30th. What next? Ten years until our golden anniversary (savor that; fifty years: who, us?) in 1988 would mean that our ranks will be further depleted. Enthusiasts urged that something be done; don't wait, do it sooner, they urged, set up the 45th, in 1983. Thus authorized, some of us, this time not merely self-annointed, will be here in Columbus to do that; and to save your further reference, it will be called, according to the book, the Sapphire Anniversary.

Ted Boehm, JD'38  
Amanuensis — scrivener

## Placement

Due to a change of administration in the placement office, employment information with respect to a substantial portion of the 1978 graduating class was never obtained. Consequently, the figures regarding the employment status of the class of 1978 are not really comparable to those of past years.

However, as the percentage of graduates securing employment has averaged around 80% over the last three years, there is every reason to believe that the actual percentage of 1978 graduates employed is near this figure. In addition, this conclusion is supported by the fact that while only 133 out of 213 graduates reported their employment status to the placement office, of those reporting, 97% were employed as of the date that the 1978 placement survey was completed.

As is usually the case, the vast majority of graduates who reported their employment status remained in Ohio (77%) with 53% remaining in Columbus. The remaining 23% of the class are employed in 16 different states with one graduate obtaining employment in Mexico.

The average starting salary for 1978 graduates was \$16,689, which represents a \$1092 increase over the 1977 figure of \$15,597. The vast majority of graduates are employed with law firms of under 50 lawyers with the second largest employer of graduates being the federal government.

In a continuing effort to increase the pool of job possibilities for our graduates in the future, the College reminds all alumni to contact the placement office with regard to your personnel needs. We will be delighted to assist you in any way with respect to securing candidates for part-time and permanent employment opportunities. (Call (614) 422-2631).

In addition, we invite you to offer any suggestions or comments which, in your opinion, would enhance our ability to provide more effective placement services to both students and alumni.

## Profile of the Class of 1981

The College has enrolled 254 students in the class beginning Autumn Quarter 1978. The class is comprised of graduates from 92 different institutions. Ohio State continues to top the list with 64 representatives in the first year class, followed by Miami University (Ohio) with 17, Bowling Green State University with 10, and Ohio University with 8. Of the first year class, 84% (213) are Ohio residents, 30% (76) are female, and 8% (21) are members of a minority group.

The students bring excellent academic records to the College. The average undergraduate GPA of the class is 3.49 on a 4.00 scale, and the average LSAT score is 645. A total of 1,365 students applied for admission to the College, down approximately 12% from the previous year. However, applications to law schools across the state of Ohio were down about 8.5% for the same period. Of the 1,365 students who applied to the College, 503 were admitted to obtain the desired enrollment of 254.



## The Deans Report

by

James E. Meeks

I came to Ohio State last July 1. It has been a very exciting, revealing and stimulating six months for me. It has also been a period of adjustment for me and for the various constituencies — alumni, faculty, students and the University Administrators — with whom I work. To date my hopes and expectations about what I would find here have been largely realized. When I interviewed for the deanship last Spring, I sensed a number of very positive things about the Law College and the University and it was upon that basis that I decided to take on administrative responsibilities and to do so at Ohio State.

Specifically, I sensed a bright, talented and stimulating group of faculty members who were dedicated to providing the best possible education to prepare students for the practice of law and a lifetime of service to society. I also sensed a group that was interested in serious study and scholarship; to make a broader contribution to the profession and society by suggesting and criticizing new developments in law and providing a life-long educational format for those who are out in practice. I have not been disappointed. This faculty is full of very good classroom teachers and accomplished and potential scholars of national stature.

I am a firm believer that attention to writing and scholarship is *usually* related to better teaching by the faculty. Not only does such study keep a faculty member abreast of recent developments in his or her field but, more importantly, it keeps sharply honed the analytical skills of the investigator. These skills are critical to the success of a superior classroom instructor. If one thinks back upon one's own best classroom instructors, or if one looks at the current faculty members who, by and large, are respected by the students as good classroom teachers, one will find those people who also are active and respected scholars. Finally, I believe the scholarship of a faculty is critically important to the general reputation of a law school. Law schools around the country are not known for having a good "teaching" faculty; usually only those intimately familiar with the school know the relative quality of the faculty's teaching. Rather, law schools are known by the reputation of their faculty as scholars and contributors to the growth and development of the law. In turn, that reputation makes it easier to accomplish our other goals; to hire new faculty deemed best to carry out our program, to attract a well-rounded and highly qualified student body, and to succeed in placing them well after graduation. Financial support, both from within and without the University, is also closely related to the national reputation of the faculty.



We have, this fall, found ourselves able to expand the opportunities for faculty to spend more time on research and scholarship. These programs are directly related to accomplishment of the goals outlined above. Such a program does not, of course, have immediate payoff. I am hopeful that continued support will be able to maintain this effort over several years.

The Law School has suffered over the years by the continual loss of respected members of the faculty to other law schools. This not only involves the direct loss of the individuals involved, but also leaves the institution with a sense of inferiority and transiency. A major effort is being made to reverse this situation — to hold what we have and to attract to this school first rank scholars and teachers from elsewhere. It is with a great deal of pride that I report that the four members of the faculty visiting at other schools this year will all be back next year.

The bottom line, for me, is to try our best to hire faculty with the very best qualifications and do everything possible to make Ohio State an attractive and stimulating place for the entire faculty to carry out their professional goals.

Another critical strength that I sensed during the discussions last Spring is the commitment of the University Administration to a quality Law College program. Here, too, I have not been disappointed. The tangible and intangible support has been substantial and unflinching during my first nine months. President Enarson, Provost Kuhn and others have made financial commitments to make improvements that the faculty and I have identified as needed. With the recent resignations of Provost Kuhn and Vice President Moulton, the attitude toward the Law College for the future is uncertain. They were such strong supporters of our program. Nevertheless, I am optimistic that the new people coming into those positions will also see the importance to the University as a whole of a strong, improving law school and will continue the tangible and intangible support for our program.

To be more specific, we particularly need added financial support for the College in four areas:

1. The relative level of some faculty salaries. We are low as to some individuals by comparison to comparable law schools, leaving us vulnerable to raids from other law schools.

2. Maintenance of the quality of the library collection and services. OSU has the eighth largest law school library in the country, a situation about which we can be proud, but which also presents a challenge to maintain this superb research and teaching facility. The problems with the library budget relate both to the remarkable increase in the amount of published material and the incredible inflation in cost of acquiring even the minimally necessary materials. In addition, the staff of our library is very small compared to the size of the collection and the services rendered to the law school community, as well as to those members of the Bar and state government who make use of this fine facility.

3. Support services of faculty. A vibrant faculty is one that places demands upon the institution to furnish support services including secretarial and related services, travel to professional meetings and seminars, telephone, research support, etc. We currently provide only one secretary for each four faculty members. Each of you in practice should consider how you would get your work done under those conditions.

4. The addition of some experienced, new faculty members. Program improvement in a number of areas is dependent upon adding a couple of additional faculty members. As mentioned above, it was deemed wise to attempt to fill such positions with experienced teacher-scholars who have already established an outstanding record at some other school.

The University Administration has made substantial commitments to help deal with these problem areas and I have been very pleased with the results thus far. It is evident, however, that we will have to turn to our friends and alumni to help in this effort as well.

This brings me to another great asset of this School — its alumni. I spent several days this Fall traveling the State, meeting alumni and talking to them about the Law College. I quickly realized that the graduates of this School are a very talented and loyal group, vitally interested in the future development of their law school. I have been repeatedly told that we are not adequately communicating with this group and therefore are not getting the benefit of their efforts on our behalf. This newsletter, which hopefully will become a regular publication, will, perhaps, remedy this situation. In addition, I plan to resume my travels through the State as soon as dependable driving weather returns. We are also studying a variety of measures to organize our alumni more effectively and to get our friends back to the Law School from time to time. Certainly, all alumni should feel free to stop into the Law School at any time and I hope you will let me know you are here so that we can get acquainted.

As I noted earlier, all state law schools are being forced by increasing costs to turn to their friends and alumni for financial support, much as the private schools have been for many years. Thus, in another part of this newsletter you will find our plea for help in endowing a professorship in memory of Chief Justice O'Neill. I heard Frank Strong remark recently that there was no reason why the OSU Law School should not compete with Michigan Law School just as the football teams compete. Michigan's alumni contributed slightly under \$500,000 to its annual fund drive this past year. During that same period OSU

law alumni contributed about \$60,000. Nor is Michigan unique. Most of the other high quality state law schools have had substantial success in their annual fund drives in recent years. We hope to get better organized to do a better job over the next couple of years of asking you to help us. But I want to emphasize that we will at the same time try to serve our alumni better. In a future issue of this newsletter, we will detail those efforts.

Finally, the ultimate satisfaction has been the discovery of a hard working, bright, professional students body. A recent study done by the Dean at the University of Washington reported that of about 160 law schools in the Country, OSU was 21st in the overall quality of its student body. Even more importantly, there was no significant difference between us and the eight or ten schools rated immediately ahead of us. In addition to this "objective" evidence, the reports received from those who have hired our recent graduates give uniformly high praise to these individuals. Finally, the faculty reports that, by and large, the student body is bright and able. For those of you who are thinking of adding someone to your firm or agency, I entreat you to look to OSU to fill your needs. I think you will be a satisfied customer. I am myself teaching Property this quarter and find my own group of students among the best I have encountered in 15 years of teaching at three different law schools (Iowa, Northwestern, Virginia). While the number of applicants to law school appears to be declining somewhat, the quality promises to remain high.

To sum up this report at mid-year, I have been very pleased with where the school is and, more importantly, for its potential to move forward in a cooperative effort involving faculty, students, alumni, and administrators. In the next issue of this publication, I will devote some space to a discussion of the current educational program and some thoughts about future developments.

## Alumnus Possible Choice for Federal Judgeship

Joan M. Krauskopf, a 1957 summa cum laude graduate of the College of Law has been tentatively selected by President Carter for appointment to a new judgeship on the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals. She is scheduled to be formally nominated as soon as a background check can be completed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the American Bar Association.

While in law school, Ms. Krauskopf served as Co-Editor-in-Chief of the Ohio State Law Journal and was ranked first in her class upon graduation. Following her distinguished academic performance as a student, she served as an instructor at the law school from 1957-1959.

The College of Law and all alumni extend to her our hearty congratulations and sincere best wishes.



## College Establishes O'Neill Professorship Fund



James E. Meeks, Dean of the College of Law, has recently announced that the law school has established the C. William O'Neill Memorial Fund in memory of our distinguished and dedicated alumnus, Bill O'Neill. Meeks indicated that the purpose of the fund will be to endow a professorship in his name in the College of Law — the C. William O'Neill Endowed Professorship in Law and Judicial Administration. This provides a rare opportunity to perpetuate the memory of a truly exceptional jurist and public servant and at the same time affords the additional opportunity to continue his commitment to the maintenance of high standards of excellence in legal education and the legal profession. Moreover, an endowed professorship is truly a fitting memorial for a man who has made such significant contributions to the College of Law and to the entire university not only as a professional, but as an active and loyal alumnus.

Endowed professorships are critically important to the future of the College of Law because they can be utilized to recruit new and distinguished additions to the law school faculty and to supplement the salary of existing faculty members in order to maintain a competitive edge against the constant lure of more lucrative teaching opportunities from other law schools.

Meeks also announced the formation of both an honorary and a steering committee whose charge it will be to direct and coordinate this fund raising campaign the goal of which is to raise \$250,000. Members of the honorary committee include Mr. John W. Galbreath, John W. Galbreath & Co., Columbus, Ohio (Chairman); Mr. John C. Baker, New York City; Mr. Jacob E. Davis, Cincinnati, Ohio; Mr. John D. Drinko, Baker, & Hostetler, Cleveland, Ohio; Paul R. Gingham, Gingham & Christensen, Columbus, Ohio; Edward Harness, Procter & Gamble Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Henry W. Houston, Houston, Holding & Harris, Urbana, Ohio; Dean W. Jeffers, Nationwide Insurance Companies, Columbus, Ohio; Livingston Ireland, Cleveland, Ohio; Frank J. Lausche, Cleveland, Ohio; John G. McCoy, Columbus, Ohio; Randall Metcalf, Marietta, Ohio; Mrs. Betty O'Neill, Columbus, Ohio; Thomas F. Patton, Cleveland, Ohio; H. Chapman Rose,

Jones, Day, Reavis & Pogue, Cleveland, Ohio; Leonard J. Stern, Former Justice and Present Disciplinary Counsel for the Ohio Supreme Court, Columbus, Ohio; Robert A. Taft, Jr., Former U.S. Senator, Cincinnati, Ohio. The steering committee is composed of Jacob E. Davis, II, Vorys, Sater, Seymour & Pease, Columbus, Ohio (Chairman); Thomas E. Cavendish, Porter, Wright, Morris & Arthur, Columbus, Ohio; David R. Fullmer, Baker & Hostetler, Cleveland, Ohio; John H. Hermanies, Beall, Hermanies & Bortz, Cincinnati, Ohio; The Honorable Alvin I. Krenzler, Judge, Court of Appeals, Cleveland, Ohio; Everett H. Krueger Jr., Senior Vice President and Secretary, City National Bank & Trust Co., Columbus, Ohio; J. Paul McNamara, McNamara & McNamara, Columbus, Ohio; Don W. Montgomery, Celina Finance Corporation, Celina, Ohio; C. William O'Neill, Jr., Vorys, Sater, Seymour & Pease, Columbus, Ohio; and J. Gilbert Reese, Reese, Paugh, McNenny & Price, Newark, Ohio. Darold I. Greek, George, Greek, King, McMahon and McConnaughey, Columbus, Ohio and Charles S. Mechem Jr., Taft Broadcasting Company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Persons interested in making contributions or who wish additional information regarding this fund are invited to call the College of Law at 422-2631.

## Memorial Resolution

The members of the National Council of The Ohio State University College of Law are met this 10th day of November, 1978, with a deep sense of loss because of the absence of a beloved member, who died August 20, 1978, C. William O'Neill.

This Council now desires to express our high esteem for our departed member by having its permanent records contain this tribute to him.

He was born February 14, 1916 in Marietta, Ohio and received his elementary and high school education in the Marietta Public Schools. He then enrolled in Marietta College where he graduated cum laude in 1938. Subsequently, he graduated from The Ohio State University College of Law and was admitted to the Bar of Ohio in 1942.

Following his graduation he embarked upon a brilliant legal career which was to afford him the opportunity to serve as Speaker of the Ohio House of Representatives, Ohio Attorney General, Governor, and most notably as Chief Justice of the Ohio Supreme Court. In sum, he represented all of the finest traditions of the legal profession.

He married the former Betty Hewson on July 29, 1945 in Marietta, Ohio. Two children, a son and a daughter, were born of this union.

He was a dedicated public servant, a distinguished jurist, a gifted administrator, a good friend and a kind and thoughtful human being.

The National Council and the College of Law have been the beneficiaries of his effort and dedication over a period of many years and, both as institutions and individuals, we are much the richer as a result.

BE IT THEREFORE recorded that he was held in the highest regard and is remembered with great gratitude and with affection.

ALSO, BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED that a copy of this record be made and delivered to his wife in token of our sympathy with her in her loss.

## Analysis of S.B. 1437

By

John Quigley

Congress' current effort to revise the federal crime code has generated considerable activity at the College of Law. The proposed revision, known in the last Congress as Senate Bill 1437, is likely to be re-introduced this spring.

Professor Charles Thompson's seminar in federal criminal law has produced student papers on topics ranging from jurisdiction in federal enclaves to definition of sex offenses. Frank Wilkinson, Executive Director of the National Committee Against Repressive Legislation, has visited the College from Los Angeles on two occasions to criticize the bill from a civil liberties viewpoint.

Most of the efforts at the College have been directed against the revision, at least in its current form. Third-year student Richard H. Brody takes the bill's drafters to task in a recent issue of the *Law Journal* (39 *Ohio State Law Journal* 132 (1978) for usurping state crime jurisdiction in a Note entitled "The Proposed Federal Criminal Code: An Unwarranted Expansion in Federal Criminal Jurisdiction."

A petition to Congress circulated at the College last spring by student members of the National Lawyers Guild attacks S. 1437 for infringements on civil rights.

S. 1437 has led to sharp controversy on Capitol Hill. It was passed 72 to 15 by the Senate in January 1978, sponsored by a liberal-conservative alliance headed by Senators Edward Kennedy and Strom Thurmond. At the same time, dissent appeared on both sides of the aisle. The Senate's most vociferous opponents were the liberal Allen Cranston, who charged that the bill would allow the F.B.I. to institute a police state, and the late James Allen, a conservative, who criticized the bill in floor debates as encroaching on states' rights through enlargement of federal power over crime.

I had submitted a statement to the Senate Judiciary Committee in 1977 to argue against the bill's expansion of federal jurisdiction, as well as a letter to the *New York Times* to the same effect. Senator Allen quoted approvingly from my statement on the Senate floor. But Kennedy replied in a letter to the *Times* that I didn't understand the bill's contents. He denied any substantial expansion of federal jurisdiction.

In the House of Representatives, S. 1437 immediately ran into trouble. I attended the Bill's opening hearing in February 1978 in the House Judiciary Committee's Subcommittee on Criminal Laws and Procedures, chaired by James Mann (D.-S. Car.). There the bill's primary backers, a group of attorneys in the U.S. Justice Department's Criminal Division, were raked over the coals by Subcommittee members who questioned the need for a crime code revision and challenged S. 1437's expansionism. The Justice Department attorneys denied much of the expansion and said as to the rest that it would be exercised cautiously under internal guidelines of the Justice Department. The Subcommittee members remained skeptical.

Later in February 1978 I testified before Mann's Subcommittee. I analyzed the bill's provisions on the more frequently committed property offenses to indicate how S.

1437 expands definitions over current provisions. I also showed how S. 1437 expands definitions of the inchoate offenses and brings many other crimes under federal jurisdiction by virtue of their commission in conjunction with a federal offense (so-called 'piggyback' jurisdiction). I made a special point of criticizing the Senate Judiciary Committee Report on S. 1437 for covering up the bill's expansive nature.

Similar testimony challenging S. 1437 for expanding federal power was given by the Federal Public Defenders and by California Attorney General Evelle Younger.

My testimony was warmly received by the Subcommittee but drew fire from S. 1437's backers. The Justice Department wrote me a letter accusing me of dishonesty. A point-by-point refutation of my testimony was given to the Subcommittee in March by Professor Louis Schwartz of the University of Pennsylvania Law School and former Director of the National Commission on Reform of Federal Criminal Laws, which drafted the original version of the revision. Professor Schwartz challenged my reading of current law on many items.

I subsequently submitted to the Subcommittee a point-by-point rebuttal to Professor Schwartz's refutation. My testimony, along with Professor Schwartz's refutation and my rebuttal, appear in the *Criminal Law Reporter* ("Federal Criminal Code Reform: The Jurisdiction Issue," June 14, 1978, Supplement to Vol. 23, No. 11).

In May 1978 the Subcommittee, persuaded that S. 1437 unnecessarily expands federal power, decided not to act on it. Instead, the Subcommittee drafted its own revision proposal, involving only minor changes in the current code to eliminate inconsistencies and to delete obsolete provisions.

On October 4, 1978, the Judiciary Committee adopted a resolution commending the Subcommittee for its work and stating that insufficient time remained in the 95th Congress to consider the Subcommittee's recommendations. That resolution effectively killed the possibility of revision during the 95th Congress.

Senator Kennedy has indicated, however, that he plans to re-introduce the bill in the new Congress that began in January. So the debate is likely to continue.

The revision process has been underway for over ten years. A major feature of S. 1437 is that in its definitions of offenses jurisdictional issues are taken out of the definition itself and placed in a separate sub-section. In the current code, on the contrary, all facts that need to be proved by the prosecution are included in the definition of the offense as elements of the crime.

The significance of this change is that it would be the judge, rather than the jury, that would decide on the existence of facts giving rise to federal jurisdiction.

For example, a current statute makes it an offense to commit extortion by using an interstate facility. The jury must find both that extortion was committed and that an interstate facility was used for that purpose. Under S. 1437, however, the offense is defined simply as extortion. The use of an interstate facility is mentioned in a separate sub-section as a prerequisite for federal jurisdiction but is not considered an element of the offense.

Since the interstate factor is not an element of the offense but merely "jurisdictional," the judge would decide whether an interstate facility was used. The jury would be asked only whether extortion was committed.

This feature of the revision, justified by the Justice



Department as a method of streamlining trials, has been strongly criticized by the American Bar Association as an infringement on the right to trial by jury. Another consequence of the change is that guilty knowledge would not need to be proved as to the factor giving rise to federal jurisdiction.

As the drafters picked the jurisdictional issues out of the offense definitions and put them into separate subsections, in many instances they expanded on the situations in which federal jurisdiction would apply. With robbery, for example, they added a new jurisdictional base that would give federal prosecutors authority over a robbery in which a state line is crossed in preparation or execution of the offense, or in its concealment or in distribution of the proceeds. This provision would federalize many robberies in cities like New York that are close to state boundaries.

Additionally, S. 1437 would have given federal prosecutors power to prosecute:

—A drug store clerk for selling pornographic literature (only persons involved in interstate shipment, primarily wholesalers, are currently subject to federal laws);

—virtually anyone who commits extortion (only organized crime figures are currently prosecutable);

—anyone who tampers with a state court witness (current law limits federal prosecution to tampering with federal court witnesses);

—anyone who accepts a free lunch from someone to whom she or he gives any information related to their employment (this would be called "commercial bribery," a new federal crime);

—numbers sellers (virtually any promotion of gambling would become a federal crime);

—pimps (currently a pimp must transport a prostitute interstate to be guilty of a federal offense).

Most of this expansion is effected by making these acts a federal offense where a telephone is used (a local call suffices).

These plus many other instances of expansion would make S. 1437 a major departure in the history of federal-state relations.

It is ironic that Congress might legislate a large increase on the criminal side while at the same time contemplating elimination of diversity jurisdiction because of big caseloads.

Problems are also found in S. 1437's sentencing provisions. The bill would abolish the concept of parole, reduce time off for good behavior roughly from 10 to 3 days a month, and establish mandatory prison terms for opiate trafficking and using a weapon during a crime. Professor Thomas Emerson of Yale Law School told the House Subcommittee that S. 1437's "penalty structure will be too severe" and that "the Federal prison population will drastically increase." He noted that "the United States already has the harshest penalties of any Western industrial country except South Africa."

S. 1437 also went too far in its provisions on state security. Sabotage would have included damage caused in private companies producing for the military. Inciting to riot would have been a federal crime if any participant crosses a state line to get there.

Labor organizing was threatened by a provision that defines blackmail so broadly as to include a threat by workers to engage in a wildcat strike.

When all expansive features are put together, it is un-

derstandable why S. 1437 was viewed by conservatives as a threat to states' rights and by liberals as an infringement on civil rights.

In my opinion, the case has not been adequately made for the proposition that a sweeping reform of the federal penal code is necessary. Deletion of obsolete provisions and smoothing out of inconsistencies is certainly called for. But the kind of radical revision represented by S. 1437 is not needed.

## New Administrative Appointments

*James E. Meeks* was appointed Dean of the College of Law on July 1, 1978. He received a B.A. from Oberlin College in 1960 and a J.D. from Columbia University in 1963, where he was a Harlan Fisk Stone Scholar and was a member of the Board of Editors of the Columbia Law Review. Following graduation, Meeks served as law clerk to Judge Carl McGowan, U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, in 1963-1964. In 1964, Dean Meeks joined the faculty of the University of Iowa Law School where he served as an Assistant Professor from 1964 to 1967, an Associate Professor from 1967 to 1971 and Professor from 1971 to 1978. In addition, he served as Associate Dean for the law school from 1973 to 1976. Dean Meeks has also been a Visiting Professor at the University of Virginia, Northwestern University and Kansas Law School. He has also served as consultant to the U.S. Department of Justice, Antitrust Division and is the author of several articles dealing with the subjects of antitrust and trade regulation. Dean Meeks' teaching interests include courses in Property, Regulated Industries, Antitrust, Environmental Law, Administrative Law, Torts, and Constitutional Law. Dean Meeks taught the Property Law course during the Winter Quarter.

*Philip C. Sorensen* was appointed Associate Dean for Academic Affairs on January 1, 1979 replacing Michael Kindred who had served in that position for three and one-half years. In addition to performing his new administrative assignment, Dean Sorensen, a member of the faculty for five years, is also teaching courses in Tax and Non-Profit Corporations. He also plans to teach a corporations seminar.

*Robert A. Carter* was appointed Assistant Dean of Placement and Student Affairs in September of 1978 replacing Nancy Willis who resigned as Assistant Dean in June of 1978. Dean Carter received a B.A. from Muskingum College in 1966 and a J.D. from Capital University Law School in 1976. Prior to his appointment, Dean Carter served as Chief Legal Counsel for the Ohio Youth Commission from 1976 to 1978 and as Chief of Probation for the Franklin County Municipal Court from 1967 to 1976. In addition, he served as a legal consultant to the Franklin County Criminal Justice Coordinating Council and to the Mayor's Criminal Law Advisory Committee for the city of Columbus.

## Faculty Notes:

*Michael Kindred* recently reassumed his regular position on the faculty after three and one half years as Associate Dean for Academic Affairs. On January 4, 1979, Professor Kindred presented a speech to the Association

of American Law Schools Section on Law and Medicine entitled "Guardian Reform and the Mentally Disabled." He is just completing model legislation on the treatment of the developmentally disabled in the criminal justice system for the ABA Commission on the Mentally Disabled. Professor Kindred is currently preparing for publication teaching materials on Mental Disability and the Law and is completing a West Publishing nutshell on Law and the Handicapped.

Robert J. Lynn has just published the second edition of his textbook, *Introduction to Estate Planning*. Professor Lynn has also completed an article to be published in the forthcoming issue of the Ohio State Law Journal entitled, "Estate Planning: Goodbye to Wills, Trusts, and Future Interests."

Peter M. Gerhart is completing his assignment as consultant to the National Commission to Review Antitrust Laws and Procedures. His report was published by the Commission in late January. The Office for the Improvement in the Administration of Justice, an office of the Department of Justice, has asked Professor Gerhart to study and analyze the role of courts in deciding antitrust cases. In March, Professor Gerhart traveled to Nevada to lecture on substantive antitrust law before the National Judicial College.

Keith S. Rosenn has recently delivered presentations on "Law and Inflation in Latin America," at the UCLA Law School, "Judicial Protection of Human Rights in Latin America," before the Pacific Conference of Latin American Studies, and "Inflation and the Law of Obligations in Latin America," before the Association of American Law Schools. He has published related articles in recent issues of *Business Lawyer* magazine and the *Texas International Law Journal*. A book review was also published in the *Hispanic American Historical Review*. Scheduled for publication in January is his book chapter entitled, "Treatment of the Foreign Investor: The Brazilian Style," in *The Future of Brazil*, edited by W. Overholt.

Douglas J. Whaley was one of only eight Ohio State faculty members to receive the Ohio State Alumni Award for Distinguished Teaching. He has recently authored two new Gilbert's Summaries on "Secured Transactions" and "Commercial Paper." In November, Professor Whaley gave a speech on "Subcontractors and the Law" to the Columbus chapter of the American Subcontractors Association. He is currently teaching in bar review courses in Detroit, Cleveland, and Newark, New Jersey.

Lawrence Herman wrote an amicus curiae brief for the United States Supreme Court in the case of *Bell v. Ohio*, urging that the Ohio death penalty statute be declared unconstitutional. He has since testified twice before the Ohio House Judiciary Committee against proposals to reinstate the death penalty in Ohio. Professor Herman also recently participated in a meeting of the Ohio Citizens' Council Committee on Adult Corrections which considered a proposed bill providing for community-based corrections.

Rhonda R. Rivera has been involved in a series of speech presentations on such topics ranging from, "Women and the Law," to "Judicial Attitudes Toward Psychiatric Testimony in Lesbian Mother Custody Cases." She was recently elected to the Chair of the Women in Legal Education Section of the Association of American of Law Schools. Professor Rivera's article, "Our Straight-Laced Judges: The Legal Position of

Homosexual Individuals," will soon be published in the *Hastings Law Journal*. She will also teach a two day seminar in "Contracts and Negotiations" for the Professional Woman's Series of the Ohio State Division of Continuing Education.

Michael J. Perry is presently serving as a Visiting Associate Professor of Law at Yale Law School for the 1978-79 academic year. While at Yale, Professor Perry is teaching two courses and two seminars in Constitutional Law. In addition, he has recently published three articles, "The Abortion Funding Cases: A Comment on the Supreme Court's Role in American Government," 66 *Georgetown Law Journal* 1191 (1978), "Review of R. Burger, *Government by Judiciary: The Transformation of the Fourteenth Amendment*," 78 *Columbia Law Review* 685 (1978), and "A Brief Comment on Motivation and Impact," 15 *San Diego Law Review* 1173 (1978) which he authored for use in a symposium of legislative motivation in constitutional law. Professor Perry also plans to begin work on a book on constitutional theory in June of 1979.

Charles A. Thompson was appointed Director of Clinical Programs in January of 1979. Presently, Professor Thompson is in the process of completing two to four volumes for West's Ohio Practice Series on Ohio Criminal Law and Procedure. In addition, he is presently working on a book which he is co-authoring with Professor Jack Slain entitled *Cases and Materials on Risks of Unattended Dealings (Agency and Small Business Regulation)*.

## New and Visiting Faculty Members

The College is pleased to announce that seven new professors have joined the faculty this year. Four are regular faculty members and three are visitors. A short biographical sketch of the new faculty members follows.

Louis A. Jacobs received his A.B. from Syracuse University (1970), a J.D. from American University (1973), and an LL.M. in Labor Law from New York University (1978). From 1973 to 1975, Professor Jacobs was an Assistant Attorney General for the State of Ohio in the Civil Rights section. In 1975, he became Supervising Attorney in the College of Law's Clinical Programs, where he remained until 1977. He has collaborated on *Civil Rights Litigation, A Manual* (Anderson Publishing, 1976) and co-authored the 1978 and 1979 supplements. He has published a law review article on due process and parole liberations and is currently Managing Editor of the *Employment Discrimination Advisor*, a monthly newsletter printed by Anderson Publishing. He also serves as a consultant to the Columbus law firm of Ruzicho and Associates. Professor Jacobs has been a panelist in continuing education seminars on civil rights litigation in Louisville, Atlanta, Cincinnati, Washington D.C. and Los Angeles. He was recently appointed to the Board of Directors of the American Civil Liberties Union of Central Ohio. During 1978-79, Professor Jacobs is teaching Poverty Law Practicum, a Constitutional Problems seminar, and Political and Civil Rights I.

Allan J. Samansky graduated magna cum laude from Harvard (B.A., 1967) and earned a master's degree in Economics from the University of California at Berkeley (1968). He then taught economics for three years before entering the University of Pennsylvania Law School. He was a Coif graduate from Pennsylvania (1974) and was



editor of the law review, writing a published note on youthful offenders. Upon graduation, he joined one of the top Philadelphia law firms, Wolf, Block, Schorr and Solis-Cohen, where most of his work has been in the tax area. Mr. Samansky is teaching the range of first, second, and third year tax courses during the 1978-79 academic year.

*Gregory M. Travalio* joins the College of Law from Columbia University School of Law where he was an Associate in Law and from which he received his LL.M in January, 1979. Mr. Travalio received his B.A. in 1969 and his J.D. in 1975 from the University of Pittsburgh. He ranked first in his class in law school and was Comments Editor for the law review. Upon graduation he, like Samansky, joined Wolf, Block, Schorr and Solis-Cohen in Philadelphia, where he concentrated on corporate and commercial matters. Mr. Travalio is teaching property and sales courses during this academic year.

*Frank K. Upham* is a 1974 cum laude graduate of Harvard Law School where he wrote for the Harvard International Law Journal and was a member of the student-faculty committee on clinical education. He received a B.A. in 1967 magna cum laude from Princeton's Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs, where he was elected to Phi Beta Kappa. Since receiving his undergraduate degree, Mr. Upham has spent a total of five years in the Far East. Between his second and third years in law school he clerked for a law firm in Japan. During 1977-78 he was a Japan Foundation Fellow and Visiting Scholar at Doshisha University Law Faculty in Kyoto, Japan. Mr. Upham also clerked for one year, following his graduation from law school, in the Massachusetts Superior Court and was an Assistant Attorney General in the Massachusetts Consumer and Protection Division for two years. Mr. Upham is the author of two published articles in the international and comparative law areas and is presently working on another article to be published in the Ecology Law Quarterly regarding Japanese environmental law. In addition, Mr. Upham will be returning to Japan during the summer of 1979 in order to conduct research in the areas of Japanese civil rights and affirmative action programs. During 1978-79, Mr. Upham is teaching Property and a seminar in comparative environmental law.

*Gerald L. Bepko* has served as a Visiting Professor during the Winter and Spring Quarters, teaching courses in Commercial Paper, Consumer Law, Debtor-Creditor, and Secured Transactions, needs created for 1978-79 by Professor Clovis' visit to the University of Virginia. Professor Bepko is a member of the faculty of the Indiana University School of Law at Indianapolis, where he won two awards for excellence in teaching. He is a collaborator with Professor Whaley on teaching materials used here. Professor Bepko earned his B.S. at Northern Illinois University (1962), his J.D. at Chicago-Kent Law School (1965), where he was editor-in-chief of the law review, and an LL.M at the Yale University Law School (1972), where he was a Ford Ervin Law Fellow. In addition, Mr. Bepko has been a Visiting Professor of Law at the University of Illinois and at Indiana University School of Law at Bloomington. Mr. Bepko also spent a semester doing legal research at Oxford in England.

*Constantine Kerameus* is presently serving as a Visiting Professor of Law during the Spring Quarter, teaching International Transactions, a need created by Professor

Kozyris' Autumn Quarter visit to the University of Texas. Professor Kerameus is a member of the faculty of the University of Thessaloniki School of Law in Greece. He received his first law degree from the University of Thessaloniki, a Ph.D. in law from the Free University of West Berlin, and has written widely on problems of civil procedure and evidence and has been a Visiting Professor at the Free University of West Berlin, Louisiana State University and Hamburg University.

*William W. Oliver* has served as a Visiting Professor during the Winter and Spring Quarters, teaching Income Tax and Estate Planning, needs created by Professor Rose's visit to the University of Florida. Professor Oliver is a member of the faculty at the Indiana University School of Law (Bloomington), where he has taught for a number of years. He received his undergraduate degree from the University of Kentucky (1946) and his J.D. from Northwestern University (1949), where he was an associate editor of the law review. He was a trial attorney from 1949 to 1952 with the Internal Revenue Bureau (now Service) and then served one year as clerk to Chief Justice Vinson and one year as head law clerk to Chief Justice Warren. He has been a contributing author and editor of numerous publications in the taxation area.

## ALUMNI NOTES

### 1903

**William P. Moloney**, celebrated his 101st birthday last August. Dean meeks visited with him on his birthday at his home in Marion.

### 1914

**LeRoy Bradford**, Columbus, retired as President of Capital City Products Co.

**Garrett S. Dill**, retired and is now a farmer in Chillicothe.

### 1915

**Henry Greenberger**, writes that he is retired.

### 1916

**Edward Thomas**, practices law and is a Curator of Natural History for the Ohio Historical Society and writes for the Columbus Dispatch.

### 1917

**John W. C. Knisely**, is now in his 62nd year of practicing law in Toledo.

### 1918

**Fred E. Renkert**, is now retired and living in Akron.

**Ernest O. Smith**, is retired and living in Marion.

### 1919

**Albert B. Arbaugh**, has retired from the firm of Black, McCuskey, Souers & Arbaugh, Canton, and is living in Fla. during the winters.

### 1922

**Clarence J. Crossland**, Zanesville, writes that he walks 4 to 5 miles a day, swims and plays golf and is now 83 years of age.

**Harold E. Kuhn**, is now retired as a lawyer and as an Army Field Artillery Lieutenant Colonel and is spending time traveling. He lives in Millersburg.

### 1923

**Michael H. Austin**, has practiced law in Columbus for 54 years and has received a fifty year certificate from both the Ohio State and Columbus Bar Associations and a Golden Certificate from the Ohio State University Alumni Association.

**1924**

**Alva W. Bachman**, Bowling Green, writes that he is in his 54th year of practice and is still going strong!

**Louis D. Bannon**, Portsmouth, is retired and recently had a vacation in Ontario, Canada.

**Herbert S. Beane**, retired after 41 years of service as Director of Law, City of Dayton.

**Mary V. Funk**, is with the firm of Jones, Funk and Payne, Zanesville. She is in partnership with her husband; Carl, Judge Payne and Steven Buck, '76.

**Louis A. Seikel**, is still practicing law at age 79 in Akron. He is Past Exalted Ruler of Akron Lodge 363, B.P.P. Elks and past Faithful Navigator of 7th Degree K of C. and advocate of K of C Council 547.

**1925**

**Kenneth B. Johnston**, has been practicing law in Columbus for 53 years.

**1926**

**Harold F. Adams**, is in his 52nd year of practice in Columbus.

**Frank V. Benton**, is still practicing law in Newport, Ky.

**Florence G. Denton**, writes to say she is now retired and living in Columbus and is enjoying her home and her lovely trees.

**Glenn L. Fortine**, Alliance, is now retired after serving his County as a Judge for 14 years.

**Abe R. Kipperman**, Toledo, has the unique distinction of having his portrait in the 1926 and 1927 classes of the College but did not graduate until the year 1969.

**Moe L. Okun**, writes to say that he is still practicing law in Toledo but is now kicking very hard.

**1927**

**Robert H. French**, Cincinnati, is the senior partner in the firm of French, Short, Valleau & Bratton and still actively practices law each day.

**Merritt E. Schlafman**, is practicing law in Fairborn.

**1928**

**Helen Orcutt**, has been traveling all over the world the past few years and is now living in Tucson, Ariz.

**Joseph Provenza**, is in practice with his two sons in Lorain.

**1931**

**Arlo L. Chatfield**, spent the winter in Sebring, Fla.

**1933**

**William E. Didelius**, Sandusky, is an Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Erie County, with the firm of Didelius, Holzapfel, Buckingham & Waldock, and serves as Director of the Men's Chorus of the Zion Lutheran Church. He is an organist for various churches.

**1934**

**Dean A. Snyder**, Alexandria, Va., has now retired from the Department of Health, Education & Welfare, Office of the Secretary, Wash., D.C.

**1935**

**Russell G. Saxby**, is with the Porter, Wright, Morris & Arthur law firm in Columbus.

**1937**

**Joseph Halberstein** and **Edwin Mitchell** have been in practice together for 41 years in Marion.

**Edwin Mitchell**, has received the Distinguished Service Award given at the OSU Summer Commencement, 1978.

**Lillian Robinson**, received the area Chamber of Commerce award for being an outstanding citizen, Painesville.

**1938**

**Richard Dore**, Williamsport, Pa., shot a hole-in-one on the 130 yard No. 10 at the Country Club on his birthday.

**1948**

**William B. Saxbe**, is with the firm of Chester, Saxbe, Hoffman & Willcox, Columbus.

**1949**

**Paul A. Burson**, of the firm of Burson & Beck, Carey, is a member of the Penta County Vocational School Board, Toledo.

**1954 and 1960**

**Roland Fox**, '54 and **Charles D. George**, '60 are in practice together in the firm of Fox, George, Loeffler & Downey, Clearwater, Fla.

**1961**

**David G. Hill**, is a partner in the firm of Bartunch, Bennett, Garofoli & Hill, Cleveland.

**1963**

**James D. Newcomer**, is with the firm of Wiles, Doucher, Tressler & Van Buren, Columbus.

**1966**

**Howard R. Besser**, is a trial attorney for the Ohio Bell Telephone Co. and serves as an adjunct law professor at the Cleveland State Law School, Cleveland.

**1968**

**John P. DiFalco**, is now engaged in general practice of law in Littleton, Colo.

**1971**

**Charles W. Kettlewell**, is the Assistant Disciplinary Counsel of the Ohio Supreme Court, Columbus and teaches Legal Profession at OSU College of Law.

**Grady L. Pettigrew**, has been appointed Federal Bankruptcy Judge, Southern District of Ohio, Columbus.

**1972**

**Linden J. Beck**, of the firm of Burson & Beck, Carey, is on the Board of Trustees of the Betty Jane Rehabilitation Center in Tiffin.

**David A. Gradwohl**, is with the firm of Critchfield, Critchfield, Critchfield & Johnston, Wooster.

**1973**

**John R. Allen**, is with the firm of Mitchell, Allen & Catalano, Columbus.

**Howard D. Bader**, is with the firm of Shank, Steifman & Bader, Hempstead, N.Y.

**Trevor K. Buehler**, and **Eugene H. Nemitz** are practicing law under the firm name of Buehler & Nemitz, New Philadelphia.

**Michael D. Cotleur**, is with the Office of Consumers Counsel, Columbus.

**Marvin Resnik**, is Chief of the Public Utilities Section of the Office of the Ohio Attorney General, Columbus.

**1974-1975**

**Ronald Noga**, '74, **Terry M. Miller**, '75 and **Clinton Miller**, '75, formed a partnership under the firm name of Miller, Noga & Miller, Columbus.

**James R. Fox**, has been named Librarian at Dickinson School of Law, Carlisle, Pa.

**1976**

**Howard S. Harris**, is an attorney for Mohasco Corp., Amsterdam, N.Y.

**George H. Rosein**, is with the firm of Mason & Rosin, Cleveland.

**William Utterback**, received his LLM in Taxation from the Univ. of Fla. He is practicing in Los Angeles, Calif.



## Lost Alumni

During the past six months the College Office has been mailing return post cards to our alumni to verify addresses. We have in the process lost a number of graduates of the College of Law. If you should know of a correct address of any of the following persons please inform the College Office.

Emmitt Abel, '31  
 Joyce S. Anderson, '77  
 Norman M. Anderson, '51  
 William L. Anderson, '40  
 Gwendolen G. Andrews, '76  
 Edmund R. Antonucci, '37  
 Herman L. Arenson, '25  
 Donna Myers Arman, '54  
 Edward C. Barrows, '76  
 John G. Beyoglides, '49  
 George W. Birch, '73  
 Robert N. Black, '74  
 James Blackburn, '42  
 Phillip L. Bonner, '74  
 Gordon J. Bosa, '78  
 Michael M. Briley, '69  
 Gabriel P. Brinsky, '41  
 J. Rickey Brown, '76  
 Ernestine W. Bucher, '30  
 Ronald Cafferty, '74  
 Ronald J. Clark, '67  
 William H. Cone, '50  
 Linda M. Connors, '74  
 Robert S. Connors, '73  
 Herbert Copland, '38  
 Gary J. Crews, '72  
 Bruce E. Cryder, '73  
 Fred A. Culver, '60  
 John Czecuik, '75  
 Frederick E. Davis, Jr., '73  
 William Henry Davis, '56  
 Emanuel N. Deitz, '31  
 Edward J. Demson, '24  
 Brian B. Denton, '68  
 John A. Dicke, '74  
 William C. Donahue, '70  
 Philip Donner, '75  
 Fred W. Edmonston, '36  
 James M. Evans, '67  
 Arthur Fant, '65  
 David J. Richards, '77  
 Thomas M. Freiburger, '71  
 Marie C. Galleher, '74  
 Albert G. Ganansia, '75  
 John P. Garber, '69  
 J. Frederick Gatzke, '74  
 David M. Gold, '77  
 N. Larry Gordon, '64  
 Louise S. Roselle, '72  
 David A. Gradwohl, '72  
 Charles O. Green, '73  
 Morris J. Greenspun, '39  
 Robert L. Guehl, '73  
 Earle N. Gussett, '31  
 Patricia N. Hale, '76  
 Kenneth Haller, '27  
 Ralph B. Hammack, '50  
 Charles Hanken, '59  
 Ilse S. Hawkins, '77  
 John W. Herbert, '75  
 Vaughn E. Hill, '56  
 Minard Holtzman, '06  
 John R. Hopler, '76  
 John V. Huling, '35  
 William E. Hunt, '72  
 Samuel J. Jackson, '36  
 Steven Jemison, '75  
 Robert M. Jilek, '75  
 Enid H. Jones, '70  
 Gordon L. Johnson, '69  
 Robert K. Jones, '70  
 Michael J. Johrendt, '77  
 James R. Kapel, '72  
 Michael M. Katz, '73  
 Harry B. Keith, '68  
 Raymond J. Kerester, '51  
 Anthony R. Kidd, '63  
 Stephen P. Kling, '76  
 William L. Koch, '47  
 Isadore Kohler, '29  
 Michael J. Kuhlman, '73  
 Joseph P. Kulik, Jr., '72  
 David L. Landefeld, '76  
 Michael S. Lion, '69  
 John T. Lloyd, '72  
 John F. Locke, '27  
 Frank T. Luard, '64  
 Daniel C. McCarthy, '72  
 Robert M. McNair, '68  
 John D. McNamar, '21  
 Stephen Memsel, '71  
 Steven Miller, '74  
 William Stephen Miller, '69  
 Michael A. Mirando, '77  
 Carla D. Moore, '77  
 Thomas S. Moore, '72  
 Walter Morris, '76  
 Kevin P. Mulrane, '75  
 James R. Nieset, '76  
 Paul J. Noethlich, '51  
 Nancy E. North, '73  
 Gary Zane Nothstein, '73  
 Jan Ostrovsky, '75  
 Lynette Overbey, '75  
 Wilber J. Outlaw, '74  
 Adrian K. Panton, '72  
 William H. Pearlman, '67  
 Paul R. Peterson, '66  
 Henry L. Phillips, '15  
 Elliot M. Pinta, '76  
 Francis Pittman, '75  
 Ronald E. Plymale, '68  
 Joseph J. Poorman, '30  
 Thomas E. Portsmouth, '72  
 John T. Powers, '72  
 Richard A. Princic, '76  
 Clement W. Pyles, '75  
 Clayton R. Rasor, '49  
 Carl A. Rayburn, '73  
 Dana O. Reed, '20  
 Steven R. Riemer, '74  
 Lynn K. Riethmiller, '77

George S. Roest, '57  
 Roland H. Rogers, '17  
 John D. Ronshagen, '77  
 James S. Rood, '68  
 George R. Russ, '42  
 John T. Ryan, '64  
 Phillip S. Schaefer, '72  
 Frederick M. Scherma, '68  
 Robert M. Schwartz, '48  
 Michael A. Shapiro, '74  
 Ross N. Shepard, '71  
 Nancy E. Shurtz, '73  
 Everett E. Simpson, '22  
 Lynne Skilken, '75  
 Jeffrey F. Slavin, '74  
 Robert W. Slezak, '75  
 Joel D. Sommers, '69  
 John C. Stamatakis, '73

Robert J. Stayduhar, '76  
 Robert A. Strickling, '53  
 Kenneth E. Thomas, '48  
 Ralph V. Thomen, '54  
 Ernest H. Thompson, '73  
 Thurman H. Tobias, '37  
 Harold W. Ungerleider, '26  
 Carl E. Wagner, '23  
 John G. Warner, '66  
 Nelson S. Weine, '68  
 Daniel A. Williamson, '71  
 Joseph M. Wilson, '76  
 Joseph H. Wolkowicz, '72  
 D. Stuart Wilson, '56  
 David W. Woodring, '76  
 Stephen H. Zimmerman, '72  
 James E. Zinchak, '56  
 Ben H. Zwick, '25

## DEATHS

The Record regretfully reports the deaths of:

Lon B. Adams, '31  
 Thurl R. Blume, '56  
 Robert L. Buckingham, '52  
 Lawrence J. Burns, '52  
 George C. Butler, '33  
 Louis G. Bydo, '44  
 Hubert T. Campbell, '23  
 John P. Case, '33  
 Robert J. Cheney, '61  
 William T. Creme, '38  
 Ernest L. Dahlen, Jr., '54  
 Golden C. Davis, '08  
 Richard C. Deeg, '35  
 Meyer H. Dunn, '31  
 John K. Evans, '31  
 Louis E. Evans, '49  
 Marshall G. Fenton, '11  
 Bryon E. Ford, Sr., '25  
 Robert R. Foster, '41  
 Jack T. Gammon, '60  
 Stephen Gary, '30  
 Howard Goldsberry, '26  
 Leopold Gotzlinger, '56  
 Charles L. Gramlich, '38  
 Charles M. Ham, '42  
 Robert V. Hastings, Jr., '48  
 Marvin H. Helter, '25  
 Leonard P. Henderson, '16  
 Max A. Henkin, '33  
 Clarence A. Hoopes, '08  
 Roscoe Hornbeck, '03  
 Ernest T. Johnson, '26  
 H. Lloyd Jones, '35  
 Gale R. King, '33  
 John W. King, '35  
 Mark H. Kolter, '13  
 Kenneth K. Kreider, '29  
 Robert N. Krier, '31  
 Leonard S. Labowitch, '28  
 '33  
 Geneva C. Lanphere, '28  
 Harry L. Lawner, '31  
 Arthur W. Lee, '36  
 Leonard A. Lombardi, '26  
 Morris Lubitsky, '29  
 Richard D. McCann, '38  
 Leslie C. McGinley, '16  
 Raymond T. McKibbin, '24  
 Michael F. Markel, '27  
 Francis M. Marriott, '18  
 Herbert S. Miller, '43  
 Willard W. Miller, '11  
 John E. Moyer, '59  
 Robert W. Newlon, '32  
 Jack E. Nida, '26  
 Charles E. Nutt, '15  
 Robert Oldham, '11  
 C. William O'Neill, '42  
 Austin W. O'Toole, '31  
 Robert L. Perdue, '49  
 Grazio A. Piacentino, '47  
 George K. Ralston, '28  
 Owen Rice, '33  
 John C. Ringhisen, '47  
 Raymond H. Roberts, '21  
 Charles M. Robinson, '16  
 Arthur L. Rowe, '23  
 Ernest T. Schneider, '04  
 Jacob W. Scholnik, '32  
 Albert F. Schwartz, '38  
 Owen B. Sherwood, '26  
 Edward M. Shulman, '30  
 Alfred I. Soltz, '20  
 James K. Stevenson, Sr., '17  
 Wayne E. Stichter, '24  
 Vernon L. Stouffer, '32  
 John S. Taylor, '12  
 Delbert L. Tedrick, '38  
 John P. Thomas, '30  
 Edward C. Thomas, '30  
 Webb D. Tomb, '34  
 Harold H. Voelker, '25  
 Howard H. Webster, '25  
 Elizabeth Wellman Weston,  
 Stanley V. Wilder, '34  
 Roy L. Wildermutt, Jr., '49  
 James F. Winchell, '49  
 Meyer Wise, '15  
 Philip J. Wolf, '38  
 C. Alfred Zinn, '27



Dean Meeks visits with Alumni in Miami, Shelby, Darke and Mercer Counties at a luncheon in Piqua.



## *In Memoriam*

### **C. Emory Glander**

Mr. Glander died January 26, 1979. He was born March 5, 1903 in West Alexandria, Ohio. He received a B.A. degree from Ohio State University in 1926 and a J.D. degree from OSU in 1930. Following his graduation he embarked upon a brilliant legal career and was to become a noted tax attorney. He was a partner in firm of Glander, Brant, Ledman and Newman, Columbus. He was a member of the auxiliary faculty of OSU College of Law. Mr. Glander was a dedicated teacher, a gifted attorney, and a good friend of the Law School. He served for many years as a member of the National Council of the College of Law. He is survived by two sons, Charles F. and David G. of Columbus.

### **Donald C. Power**

Mr. Power died March 11, 1979. He was a native of Paine Station, Ohio and received a bachelor of science degree in business administration from OSU in 1922, a J.D. degree in 1926 and a master of arts degree in 1927. Mr. Power served as secretary to Gov. John W. Bricker from 1939 to 1943. In 1951 he became president and chief executive officer of General Telephone Company. He was a loyal and dedicated alumnus of the College of Law. Mr. Power received the Distinguished Alumnus Award in 1970 from the Law School. He served for many years as a member of the National Council of the College of Law. He is survived by his wife, Catherine; two daughters, Mrs. John W. Kessler, and Mrs. Peter S. Mykrantz of Columbus, and five grandchildren.

### **Roger H. Smith**

Mr. Smith died April 22, 1979. He was a native of Chillicothe, Ohio and received a J.D. degree from OSU College of Law in 1940. Mr. Smith served as president of the Ohio and Toledo Associations. He was a partner in the firm of Eastman, Stichter, Smith and Bergman in Toledo. He was a member of the OSU Alumni Board, was named the Law School's distinguished alumnus in 1968 and received the OSU Alumni Centennial Award in 1970. He served for many years as a member of the National Council of the College of Law. Surviving are his wife, Betty J.; sons, Bruce L. and Glen; daughter, Mrs. Diane Ritchie, and one grandchild.

### **Norman D. Lattin**

Died April 29, 1978 at age 84 in Sun City, Arizona, following 32 years of service to the Ohio State University College of Law. Prof. Lattin is survived by his wife, Harriet and his son, Phillip.

### **Elwyn G. Davies**

Died September 20, 1978 at age 79 in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. Prof. Davies retired in 1963, following 13 years of service to the College of Law. He is survived by his wife, Polly and his daughter, Elizabeth.

### **Roland J. Stanger**

Died in South Africa on April 12, 1978 at age 68. Prof. Stanger joined the faculty of the College of Law in 1940 and retired in 1971. Among his survivors is his son, Philip who is an alumnus of the College.